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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/539,466	10/12/2005	Yong-Soo Lee	P07257US0	· 8052	
22885 MCKEE VOO	7590 04/23/2007	EXAMINER			
MCKEE, VOORHEES & SEASE, P.L.C. 801 GRAND AVENUE			BAER, JENNIFER M		
SUITE 3200	, IA 50309-2721 -		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
DES MOINES,	, IA 30307-2721	•	2809		
SHORTENED STATUTOR	Y PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE		
3 MONTHS		04/23/2007	PAPER		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)		
		10/539,466	LEE ET AL.	LEE ET AL.	
Office Action Summary		Examiner	Art Unit	T	
		Jennifer M. Baer	2809		
The MAILING DATE of this c Period for Reply	ommunication appe	ars on the cover sheet	with the correspondence a	ddress	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PER WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM  - Extensions of time may be available under the after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the mailing to reply within the set or extended perion Any reply received by the Office later than three earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1	THE MAILING DA- provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 this communication. eximum statutory period will d for reply will, by statute, communications after the mailing d	TE OF THIS COMMUN (a). In no event, however, may apply and will expire SIX (6) Mo ause the application to become	IICATION. a reply be timely filed  DNTHS from the mailing date of this ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status .					
1) Responsive to communicatio	n(s) filed on				
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> .	2b)⊠ This a	ction is non-final.			
3) Since this application is in co	ndition for allowand	e except for formal ma	tters, prosecution as to th	e merits is	
closed in accordance with the	e practice under <i>Ex</i>	parte Quayle, 1935 C	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.		
Disposition of Claims				•	
4)	is/are withdrawrd.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to 10) The drawing(s) filed on Applicant may not request that a Replacement drawing sheet(s) in 11) The oath or declaration is objective.	is/are: a) acception acceptance acception acceptance acce	awing(s) be held in abeyon is required if the drawing	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). g(s) is objected to. See 37 C	• •	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
			-		
Attachment(s)	· · ·		. <del>.</del>	-	
<ol> <li>Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing R</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO Paper No(s)/Mail Date 10/14/2005.</li> </ol>		Paper No	Summary (PTO-413) o(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application		
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 08-06)	Office Action	on Summary	Part of Paper No./Mail [	Date 20070410	

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Objections

- 1. Claim 1 recites the limitation "said open ink injecting hole" in step (S2). There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim because it had not been previously introduced in the claim. Appropriate correction is required.
- 2. Claim 1 is objected to because of the following informalities: the "and" after "said ink injecting hole" in (S4) is inappropriately placed. Appropriate correction is required.
- 3. Claim 1 is objected to because of the following informalities: the "and" after "predetermined sealing cork" in (S5) is inappropriately placed. Appropriate correction is required.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
   The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 2. Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. The term "it" and "outside" are not defined in the claim.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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2. Claims 1 and 2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over

Kanaya et al. (US 6,247,803 B1) in view of Tsukuni (US 2001/0022601 A1) and Doll et

al. (US 5,802,818).

In regards to claim 1, Kanaya et al. teaches a method of refilling ink in an ink

cartridge (10000) for an inkjet printer, the method comprising:

(S1) a step to remove a cover which is covered on an ink injecting hole (2410).

formed on one side of the main body of said ink cartridge (10000) (Fig. 35) (col. 21 lines

48-51);

(S2) a step to insert a rubber cork (2420)(Kanaya et al. teaches that a rubber

sheet having a large resilient recovering force may be used where the supply needle

4300 would then pierce through the rubber sheet, forming a cork into the ink supply

hole, and ink would be supplied, col. 21, lines 62-65) into said open ink injecting hole

(2410);

(S3) a step to form an ink bubbles discharging hole (10100) on a predetermined

position of a cover (2400) of said ink cartridge (10000) which covers said main body of

said ink cartridge (Fig. 35) (for an air vent hole ... to allow air to escape during

replenishment, col. 21, lines 59-61);

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(S4) a step to slowly inject ink into said ink cartridge (10000) after inserting a needle (4300) of an ink injector (4000) into said rubber cork which is inserted into said ink injecting hole (2410) (col. 21, lines 62-65) and;

(S5) a step to extract said ink injector (4000) from said rubber cork (2420).

Kanaya et al. fails to teach a vinyl cover. Tsukuni teaches a vinyl cover (14) [0059] (Fig. 1). Since both Kanaya et al. and Tsukuni teach ink containers, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to use a vinyl cover because it is known in that art that a vinyl material provides adequate strength for use as a cover.

Kanaya et al. fails to teach after sealing said ink bubbles discharging hole formed on said cover with a predetermined sealing cork. Doll et al. teaches after sealing said ink bubbles discharging hole (24) formed on said cover (10) with a predetermined sealing cork (74) (Fig. 7, col. 5, lines 57-61). Since both Kanaya et al. and Doll et al. teach methods for refilling ink chambers, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of invention to have the cork of Doll et al. in Kanaya et al. because sealing the discharging hole with a cork would produce a more efficient and clean method.

In regards to claim 2, Kanaya et al. fails to teach to seal the ink bubbles discharging hole is performed at the time when the ink is fully refilled in the ink cartridge and it is discharged to the outside.

Doll et al. teaches after sealing said ink bubbles discharging hole (24) formed on said cover (10) with a predetermined sealing cork (74) (Fig. 7, col. 5, lines 57-61). Since both Kanaya et al. and Doll et al. teach methods for refilling ink chambers, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of invention to have the cork of Doll et al. in Kanaya et al. because sealing the discharging hole with a cork would produce a more efficient and clean method. It would have been an obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art that time the invention was made to fully refill the ink cartridge before it is discharge to the outside since it was known in the art that a fully refilled ink container would provide for a more efficient printer.

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jennifer M. Baer whose telephone number is 571-270-1621. The examiner can normally be reached on mon-fri, 7:30-5:00, Alt Fri est. time.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Steven Loke can be reached on 571-270-1809. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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JB 4/12/2017

STEVEN LOKE SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

Steven Loke